IMPORTANT NOTICE

READ THIS MANUAL COMPLETELY PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE INSTALLATION OF THE LOkSEAM® ROOFING SYSTEM. MBCI DETAILS MUST BE FOLLOWED AS A MINIMUM TO INSURE APPROPRIATE WARRANTIES WILL BE ISSUED.

ALWAYS INSPECT EACH AND EVERY PANEL AND ALL ACCESSORIES BEFORE INSTALLATION. NEVER INSTALL ANY PRODUCT IF ITS QUALITY IS IN QUESTION. NOTIFY MBCI IMMEDIATELY IF ANY PRODUCT IS BELIEVED TO BE OUT OF Tolerance, SPECIFICATION OR HAS BEEN DAMAGED DURING SHIPMENT.

IF THERE IS A CONFLICT BETWEEN PROJECT ERECTION DRAWINGS PROVIDED OR APPROVED BY MBCI AND DETAILS IN THIS MANUAL, PROJECT ERECTION DRAWINGS WILL TAKE PRECEDENCE.

Ice Dam Disclaimer

MBCI designs its standing seam roofs to meet the load requirements dictated by governing codes and project specifications, including applicable snow loads. However, NCI expressly disclaims responsibility for weathertightness or roof point loading issues or other hazards resulting from ice dam situations. Any time ice and snow can melt on the main body of the roof and refreeze at the eave or in the shadow of an adjacent wall, an ice dam situation may develop. In addition to local climate, ice dam formation is affected by many other factors, including but not limited to, roof insulation R value, roof panel color, interior temperature of building, heater location in building, eave overhangs, parapet walls, shading of building roof areas from adjacent trees, parapets, buildings, etc. These factors are design and maintenance issues and are outside the control of NCI. NCI specifically disclaims any liability for damage due to ice dam formation, although the following issues should be taken into consideration concerning standing seam roofs installed in freezing climates:

- Always use field seamed panels. These machine-folded seams are more durable when subjected to occasional icing.
- Eliminate "cold" eave overhangs and parapet walls from the building design. Roof overhangs outside the heated envelope of the building will tend to be colder than the roof areas over the heated envelope. Simple roof designs are preferred. Parapet walls at the eave allow ice and snow to collect due to shading effects and the lower roof temperatures caused thereby.
- Make sure the interior of the building is adequately insulated and the heating is properly distributed. Inadequate insulation in the roof and/or improper heat distribution causes heat flow though the main body of the roof. On days when the temperature is below freezing, this heat gain can cause ice and snow to melt and refreeze at the eave where the roof is colder.
- Lay out the building to prevent the eaves and other roof areas from being shaded during the winter. This may mean eliminating adjacent trees or reconsidering roof geometries.
- Consider using self-regulating heating cables at the eaves to mitigate the effects of ice dams.
- On building designs using attics, over-insulate the attic floor and provide adequate ventilation in the attic. This will reduce heat transfer through the roof resulting in more consistent roof temperatures between eave and field of roof.
- Increase the degree of diligence with respect to underlayment materials at roof areas prone to icing. This may include valleys, eaves, dormers and roof areas near dormers, parapets and the like where shading may occur.

For more information on this subject, please refer to the MCA's Metal Roof Design For Cold Climates manual.

The Engineering data contained herein is for the expressed use of customers and design professionals. Along with this data, it is recommended that the design professional have a copy of the most current version of the North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members published by the American Iron and Steel Institute to facilitate design. This Specification contains the design criteria for cold-formed steel components. Along with the Specification, the designer should reference the most current building code applicable to the project jobsite in order to determine environmental loads. If further information or guidance regarding cold-formed design practices is desired, please contact the manufacturer.

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Descriptions and specifications contained herein were in effect at the time this publication was approved for printing. In a continuing effort to refine and improve products, MBCI reserves the right to discontinue products at any time or change specifications and/or designs without incurring obligation. To ensure you have the latest information available, please inquire or visit our website at www.mbci.com. Application details are for illustration purposes only and may not be appropriate for all environmental conditions, building designs or panel profiles. Projects should be designed to conform to applicable building codes, regulations and accepted industry practices. If there is a conflict between this manual and project erection drawings, the erection drawings will take precedence.
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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Coverage Widths - 18", 16" or 12"
Minimum Slope - 3:12
Panel Attachment - Standard and UL 90 Clips (concealed fastening systems)
Panel Substrate - Galvalume® (standard)
Gauge - Standard: 24 (18", 16", 12" widths); Optional: 22 (18", 16", 12" widths), 26 (12" width only)
Finishes - Striated (standard)* or Embossed Striated
Coatings - Signature® 200, Signature® 300, Signature® 300 Metallic

PRODUCT SELECTION CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT</th>
<th>Signature® 300 Metallic</th>
<th>Signature® 300</th>
<th>Signature® 200</th>
<th>Galvalume Plus®</th>
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<tr>
<td>LokSeam®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>12&quot; Wide</td>
<td>■</td>
<td>■</td>
<td>■</td>
<td>■</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16&quot; Wide</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18&quot; Wide</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>■</td>
<td>■</td>
<td>■</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signature® is a registered trademark of NCI Group, Inc. Galvalume Plus® is a registered trademark of BIEC International.

- ● — Available in any quantity.
- ■ — Minimum quantity may be required.

Other colors, finishes, gauges, and materials available; please inquire.
* Striated panels are standard to reduce "oil canning".
ARCHITECT/ENGINEER INFORMATION

1. **LokSeam®** is a snap-together, integral batten roof system, available in three widths: 18", 16", and 12". Factory applied mastic inside of female leg of panel is standard.

2. The minimum recommended slope is 3:12. For slopes less than 3:12, call MBCI.

3. **LokSeam®** is a UL 90 rated, structural roofing panel. This panel can be installed directly over purlins or bar joists. It does not require a solid substructure for support (Caution: See Note 14).

4. Watertight and aesthetically pleasing endlaps may be accomplished through the use of swaged and prepunched panels (16" panels can be swaged but not punched). MBCI recommends the use of prepunched back-up plates at the endlap for weathertightness. Prepunching of the panels is available for the endlap condition only. *(Swaged endlaps require the roof erection to proceed from left to right as viewed from the eave looking toward the ridge.)* Roofs with no endlaps may be erected from either direction. For panel lengths over 40', please inquire. When using an alternate endlap detail as shown on Pages LS-37 and LS-53 do not order panels with prepunched endlaps.

5. Panels can be installed on roofs with a transition by using MBCI's die-formed rib covers.

6. Narrower widths, heavier gauges, striations and embossing minimize oil canning. Industry standard is 18" wide, 24-gauge. Oil canning is not a cause for rejection.

7. The substructure (eave to ridge) must be on plane with a tolerance of ¼" in 20' and ⅜" in 40'.

8. All panels require end sealant at eave and valley conditions; however, for illustration purposes, this sealant is not shown on all drawings. See Page LS-36 for panel end sealant detail.

9. For proper fastener application, see Pages LS-24 and LS-25.

10. All drawings and trim dimensions in this manual are based on a 1¼" wall thickness ("R" Panel) and a slope of 3:12. Other wall panel thicknesses as well as roof slopes may affect various dimensions on drawings and trim. If you have any questions, call MBCI.

11. The information in this manual is believed to be correct and accurate. It should not be used for any specific application without being reviewed by a registered professional engineer. All metal roofs should be designed by a registered, professional engineer for loads specified by the governing code, including the higher pressures encountered at the edge zones of the roof.

12. Avoid restricting the thermal expansion and contraction of the LokSeam® panels. *(ie: Do not attach panels to the substructure at both the eave and ridge.)*

13. **LokSeam®** panels are not designed to be work platforms. Avoid any unnecessary foot traffic on **LokSeam®** panels. If foot traffic is required, protect the roof panels by using some type of roof pad, temporary deck, or walkway.

14. When installing **LokSeam®** panels over open framing with blanket insulation: (A) install insulation parallel to purlins or joists, or (B) install insulation across purlins or joists and compress it with pinch bars. *(¼" thick radiant barrier insulation may be used as an alternative to blanket insulation.)*

**WARNING**

As with all standing seam roof systems, sound attenuation (example: blanket insulation) should be installed between the panels and open framing, such as purlins or joists, to prevent "roof rumble" during windy conditions.

Applications over solid deck such as rigid insulation over a metal deck or a wood deck may require additional acoustical consideration to ensure that thermal vibration noises are isolated from the building interior. This is especially important if the bottom of the deck is left open to the interior, in cathedral ceiling applications or when the attic space is used as a return air plenum.

A vapor retarder may be necessary to protect roofing components when high humidity is a factor. The need for a vapor retarder, as well as the type, placement and location should be determined by an architect or engineer. The following are examples of conditions that may require a vapor retarder: (A) a project where outside winter temperatures below 40 degrees F. are anticipated and where average winter interior relative humidity of 45% or greater is expected. (B) building usages with high humidity interiors such as indoor swimming pools, textile manufacturing operations, food, paper or other wet-process industrial plants. (C) Construction elements that may release moisture after the roof is installed, such as interior concrete, masonry or plaster work and fuel burning heaters.

**CAUTION**

Diaphragm capabilities and purlin stability are not provided by MBCI's **LokSeam®** roof system. Therefore, other bracing may be required to conform to A.I.S.C. or A.I.S.I. specifications.
## UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES APPROVAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Construction Number</th>
<th>Panel Width (in.)</th>
<th>Gauge</th>
<th>Clip Type</th>
<th>Clip Spacing</th>
<th>Substrate</th>
<th>UL-2218 Impact Resistance</th>
<th>UL-263 Fire Rating</th>
<th>UL-580 Rating</th>
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<td>UL 90</td>
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<td>Class 4</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td>Class 90</td>
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<td>Class A</td>
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<td>Class A</td>
<td>Class 90</td>
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<td>5'-0&quot;</td>
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<td>Class A</td>
<td>Class 90</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Class A</td>
<td>Class 90</td>
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<tr>
<td>543</td>
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<td>UL 90</td>
<td>4'-0&quot;</td>
<td>Open Framing</td>
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<td>Class A</td>
<td>Class 90</td>
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<tr>
<td>544</td>
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<td>24 min.</td>
<td>UL 90</td>
<td>4'-0&quot;</td>
<td>Composite System</td>
<td>Class 4</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td>Class 90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NOTES

1. Wind uplift test procedures are in accordance with Underwriters Laboratories Standard UL-580 under “Tests For Uplift Resistance of Roof Assemblies”.
2. A detailed installation method is available for each Construction Number above and can be found in the UL Roofing Materials and Systems Directory. The panels must be installed in a certain manner to achieve the published results.
3. The panel qualifies for a Class A fire rating in compliance with Underwriters Laboratories Standard UL-263.
5. **LokSeam®** panels carry a Class 4 rating under UL-2218 “Test Standard For Impact Resistance”.

## FLORIDA BUILDING CODE PRODUCT APPROVAL

**LokSeam®** Roofing System details and engineering load tables have been examined by the State of Florida and comply with the 5th Edition (2014) Florida Building Code Product Approval Number (FL#11819.3).
**LokSeam® PANEL**

![](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PANEL GAUGE</th>
<th>Fy (KSI)</th>
<th>WEIGHT (PSF)</th>
<th>NEGATIVE BENDING</th>
<th>POSITIVE BENDING</th>
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<td></td>
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<td>Ixe</td>
<td>Sxe</td>
<td>Maxo</td>
<td>Ixe</td>
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<td>0.0594</td>
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**NOTES**

1. All calculations for the properties of LokSeam® panels are calculated in accordance with the 2012 edition of the North American Specification for Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members.
2. Ixe is for deflection determination.
3. Sxe is for bending.
4. Maxo is allowable bending moment.
5. All values are for one foot of panel width.
### LokSeam® PANEL

**ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOADS IN POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT**

#### 24- Gauge (Fy = 50 KSI)

<table>
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<th>SPAN TYPE</th>
<th>LOAD TYPE</th>
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#### 22- Gauge (Fy = 50 KSI)

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<tr>
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<td>2-SPAN</td>
<td>LIVE LOAD</td>
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<td>3-SPAN</td>
<td>LIVE LOAD</td>
<td>200.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-SPAN</td>
<td>LIVE LOAD</td>
<td>200.0</td>
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**NOTES:**
1. THE ABOVE LOADS ARE NOT FOR USE WHEN DESIGNING PANELS TO RESIST WIND UPLIFT.
2. Strength calculations based on the 2012 AISI Standard *North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members*.
3. Allowable loads are applicable for uniform loading and spans without overhangs.
4. LIVE load capacities are for those loads that push the panel against its supports. The applicable limit states are flexure, shear, combined shear and flexure, web crippling at end and interior supports, and a deflection limit of L/180 under strength-level loads.
5. Panel pullover and screw pullout capacity must be checked separately using the screws employed for each particular application when utilizing this load chart.
6. The use of any field seaming equipment or accessories including but not limited to clips, fasteners, and support plates (eave, backup, rake, etc.) other than that provided by the manufacturer may damage panels, void all warranties and will void all engineering data.
7. This material is subject to change without notice. Please contact MBCI for the most current data.

The engineering data contained herein is for the expressed use of customers and design professionals. Along with this data, it is recommended that the design professional have a copy of the most current version of the *North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members* published by the American Iron and Steel Institute to facilitate design. This Specification contains the design criteria for cold-formed steel components. Along with the Specification, the designer should reference the most current building code applicable to the project jobsite in order to determine environmental loads. If further information or guidance regarding cold-formed design practices is desired, please contact the manufacturer.
### SECTION PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PANEL</th>
<th>Fy (KSI)</th>
<th>WEIGHT (PSF)</th>
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<th>Sxe (IN. 3/FT)</th>
<th>Maxo (KIP-IN)</th>
<th>Ixe (IN. 4/FT)</th>
<th>Sxe (IN. 3/FT)</th>
<th>Maxo (KIP-IN)</th>
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<td>2.1921</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTES**

1. All calculations for the properties of LokSeam® panels are calculated in accordance with the 2012 edition of the North American Specification for Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members.
2. Ixe is for deflection determination.
3. Sxe is for bending.
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# LokSeam® PANEL

**ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOADS IN POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPAN TYPE</th>
<th>LOAD TYPE</th>
<th>SPAN IN FEET</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SINGLE</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>34.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOADS IN POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT (22- Gauge, Fy = 50 KSI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPAN TYPE</th>
<th>LOAD TYPE</th>
<th>SPAN IN FEET</th>
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<tr>
<td>SINGLE</td>
<td>LIVE LOAD</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-SPAN</td>
<td>LIVE LOAD</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
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</table>

## NOTES:

1. **THE ABOVE LOADS ARE NOT FOR USE WHEN DESIGNING PANELS TO RESIST WIND UPLIFT.**
2. Strength calculations based on the 2012 AISI Standard *North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members*.
3. Allowable loads are applicable for uniform loading and spans without overhangs.
4. LIVE load capacities are for those loads that push the panel against its supports. The applicable limit states are flexure, shear, combined shear and flexure, web crippling at end and interior supports, and a deflection limit of L/180 under strength-level loads.
5. Panel pullover and screw pullout capacity must be checked separately using the screws employed for each particular application when utilizing this load chart.
6. The use of any field seaming equipment or accessories including but not limited to clips, fasteners, and support plates (eave, backup, rake, etc.) other than that provided by the manufacturer may damage panels, void all warranties and will void all engineering data.
7. This material is subject to change without notice. Please contact MBCI for the most current data.

The engineering data contained herein is for the expressed use of customers and design professionals. Along with this data, it is recommended that the design professional have a copy of the most current version of the *North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members* published by the American Iron and Steel Institute to facilitate design. This Specification contains the design criteria for cold-formed steel components. Along with the Specification, the designer should reference the most current building code applicable to the project jobsite in order to determine environmental loads. If further information or guidance regarding cold-formed design practices is desired, please contact the manufacturer.
LokSeam® PANEL

SECTION PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GAUGE</th>
<th>FY (KSI)</th>
<th>WEIGHT (PSF)</th>
<th>Ixe (IN. 4/FT)</th>
<th>Sxe (IN. 3/FT)</th>
<th>Maxo (KIP-IN)</th>
<th>Ixe (IN. 4/FT)</th>
<th>Sxe (IN. 3/FT)</th>
<th>Maxo (KIP-IN)</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>22</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>2.6292</td>
<td>0.1313</td>
<td>0.0954</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES

1. All calculations for the properties of LokSeam® panels are calculated in accordance with the 2012 edition of the North American Specification for Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members.
2. Ixe is for deflection determination.
3. Sxe is for bending.
4. Maxo is allowable bending moment.
5. All values are for one foot of panel width.
## Allowable Uniform Loads in Pounds Per Square Foot

### 24- Gauge (Fy = 50 KSI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Span Type</th>
<th>Load Type</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>151.3</td>
<td>111.2</td>
<td>85.1</td>
<td>67.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Span</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
<td>190.8</td>
<td>132.5</td>
<td>97.3</td>
<td>74.5</td>
<td>58.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-Span</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>165.5</td>
<td>121.7</td>
<td>93.2</td>
<td>73.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>4-Span</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>154.6</td>
<td>113.6</td>
<td>87.0</td>
<td>68.7</td>
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### 22- Gauge (Fy = 50 KSI)

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Load Type</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
<th>Span in Feet</th>
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<td>Single</td>
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<td>155.5</td>
<td>119.1</td>
<td>94.1</td>
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<td>2-Span</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
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<td>143.1</td>
<td>109.6</td>
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<td>3-Span</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>179.9</td>
<td>136.9</td>
<td>108.2</td>
<td>87.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>4-Span</td>
<td>Live Load</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>167.0</td>
<td>127.9</td>
<td>101.0</td>
<td>81.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:
1. The above loads are not for use when designing panels to resist wind uplift.
2. Strength calculations based on the 2012 AISI Standard North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members.
3. Allowable loads are applicable for uniform loading and spans without overhangs.
4. Live load capacities are for those loads that push the panel against its supports. The applicable limit states are flexure, shear, combined shear and flexure, web crippling at end and interior supports, and a deflection limit of L/180 under strength-level loads.
5. Panel pullover and screw pullout capacity must be checked separately using the screws employed for each particular application when utilizing this load chart.
6. The use of any field seaming equipment or accessories including but not limited to clips, fasteners, and support plates (eave, backup, rake, etc.) other than that provided by the manufacturer may damage panels, void all warranties and will void all engineering data.
7. This material is subject to change without notice. Please contact MBCI for the most current data.
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
A. Snap joint-seamed, standing seam metal roof panels, with related metal trim and accessories.

1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
Specifier: If retaining this optional article, edit list below to correspond to Project.
A. Division 01 Section "Sustainable Design Requirements" for related LEED general requirements.
B. Division 05 Section "Structural Steel Framing" for structural steel framing supporting metal panels.
C. Division 05 Section "Steel Decking" for continuous metal decking supporting metal panels.
D. Division 05 Section "Cold-Formed Metal Framing" for cold-formed metal framing supporting metal panels.
E. Division 06 Section "Sheathing" for sheathing substrate for metal roof panels.
F. Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation" for thermal insulation installed under metal panels.
H. Division 07 Section "Air Barriers" for air barriers within roof assembly and adjacent to roof assembly.
I. Division 07 Section "Metal Wall Panels" for factory-formed metal wall [and soffit] panels.
J. Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for formed sheet metal copings, flashings, reglets, and roof drainage items in addition to items specified in this Section.
K. Division 07 Section "Manufactured Roof Specialties" for manufactured copings, reglets, and roof drainage items in addition to items specified in this Section.
L. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for field-applied joint sealants.
M. Division 13 Section "Metal Building Systems" for steel framing supporting metal panels.

1.3 REFERENCES
Specifier: If retaining this optional article, edit list below to correspond to Project.
A. American Architectural Manufacturer's Association (AAMA): www.aamanet.org:
   1. AAMA 621 - Voluntary Specifications for High Performance Organic Coatings on Coil Coated Architectural Hot Dipped Galvanized (HDG) & Zinc-Aluminum Coated Steel Substrates.
   2. AAMA 809.2 - Voluntary Specification Non-Drying Sealants.
B. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE): www.asce.org/codes-standards:
C. ASTM International (ASTM): www.astm.org:
   1. ASTM A 653 - Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.
   5. ASTM C 645 - Specification for Nonstructural Steel Framing Members.
D. Cool Roof Rating Council (CRRC): www.coolroofs.org/productratingprogram.html:
   1. CRRC-1-2008 - CRRC Product Rating Program.
E. International Accreditation Service (IAS):
   1. IAS AC 472 - Accreditation Criteria for Inspection Programs for Manufacturers of Metal Building Systems, Part B.
F. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL): www.ul.com:
   1. UL 580 - Tests for Uplift Resistance of Roof Assemblies.
G. US Environmental Protection Agency: www.energystar.gov/index.cfm:
   1. Energy Star Reflective Roof Products.
H. US Green Building Council (USGBC): www.usgbc.org:
1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Prior to erection of framing, conduct preinstallation meeting at site attended by Owner, Architect, manufacturer's technical representative, inspection agency and related trade contractors.
   1. Coordinate building framing in relation to metal panel system.
   2. Coordinate openings and penetrations of metal panel system.
   3. Coordinate work of Division 07 Sections “Roof Specialties” and “Roof Accessories” and openings and penetrations and manufacturer's accessories with installation of metal panels.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer/Source: Provide metal roof panel assembly and accessories from a single manufacturer providing fixed-base roll forming, and accredited under IAS AC 472 Part B.
B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Approved manufacturer listed in this Section with minimum five years experience in manufacture of similar products in successful use in similar applications.

Specifier: Retain paragraph below if Owner allows substitutions but requires strict control over qualifying of substituted manufacturers.
   1. Approval of Comparable Products: Submit the following in accordance with project substitution requirements, within time allowed for substitution review:
      a. Product data, including certified independent test data indicating compliance with requirements.
      b. Samples of each component.
      c. Sample submittal from similar project.
      d. Project references: Minimum of five installations not less than five years old, with Owner and Architect contact information.
      e. Sample warranty.
      f. IAS AC 472 certificate.
   2. Substitutions following award of contract are not allowed except as stipulated in Division 01 General Requirements.
   3. Approved manufacturers must meet separate requirements of Submittals Article.

Specifier: Review of manufacturers' qualifying of installers is recommended for larger projects. MBCI requires Installer and supervisor certification when project requirements include extended warranty.

C. Installer Qualifications: Experienced Installer [certified by metal panel manufacturer] with minimum of five years experience with successfully completed projects of a similar nature and scope.

1. Installer's Field Supervisor: Experienced mechanic [certified by metal panel manufacturer] supervising work on site whenever work is underway.

Specifier: Retain paragraph below and edit as appropriate for Federal projects and for public works projects utilizing Federal funds; consult with project Contracting Officer. Coordinate with Submittals Article.
   D. Buy American Compliance: Materials provided under work of this Section shall comply with the following requirements:

1.6 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Manufacturer’s data sheets for specified products.

Specifier: Retain and edit below to comply with Project requirements for LEED or other sustainable design requirements.

B. LEED Submittals:
   2. Credit MR 4 Recycled Content: Product data indicating the following:
      a. Material costs for each product having recycled content.
      b. Percentages by weight of post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content for each item.
      c. Total weight of products provided.

C. Shop Drawings: Show layouts of metal panels. Include details of each condition of installation, panel profiles, and attachment to building. Provide details at a minimum scale 1-1/2-inch per foot showing edge conditions, joints, fastener and sealant placement, flashings, openings, penetrations, roof accessories, lightning arresting equipment, and special details. Make distinctions between factory and field assembled work.
   1. Indicate points of supporting structure that must coordinate with metal panel system installation.
   2. Include data indicating compliance with performance requirements.
   3. Include structural data indicating compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Samples for Initial Selection: For each exposed product specified including sealants. Provide representative color charts of manufacturer's full range of colors.

E. Samples for Verification: Provide 12-inch- (305 mm-) long section of each metal panel profile. Provide color chip verifying color selection.
1.7 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
A. Product Test Reports: Indicating compliance of products with requirements, witnessed by a professional engineer.
B. Qualification Information: For Installer firm and Installer's field supervisor.
C. IAS Accreditation Certificate: Indicating that manufacturer is accredited under provisions of IAS AC 472.
Specifier: Retain one or more of three paragraphs below when required for project.
D. Buy American Certification: Manufacturers' letters of compliance acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, indicating that products comply with requirements.
Specifier: FSBC certification below is available for 12 and 16 inch wide panels.
E. Florida State Building Code Certificate.
F. Manufacturer's Warranty: Sample copy of manufacturer's standard warranty.

1.8 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
A. Maintenance data.
B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Executed copy of manufacturer's standard warranty.

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
A. Protect products of metal panel system during shipping, handling, and storage to prevent staining, denting, deterioration of components or other damage. Protect panels and trim bundles during shipping.
1. Deliver, unload, store, and erect metal panel system and accessory items without misshaping panels or exposing panels to surface damage from weather or construction operations.
2. Store in accordance with Manufacturer's written instructions. Provide wood collars for stacking and handling in the field.

1.10 COORDINATION
A. Coordinate sizes, profiles, and locations of roof curbs and other roof-mounted equipment and roof penetrations, based upon sizes of actual selected equipment.

1.11 WARRANTY
Specifier: Warranty terms below are available from MBCI. Verify that other allowable manufacturers furnish warranty meeting requirements.
A. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: On manufacturer's standard form, in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace metal panel assemblies that fail in materials and workmanship within one year from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS
2.1 MANUFACTURER
Specifier: Retain basis of design manufacturer and products listed in this Article where allowed. If inserting comparable manufacturers, carefully review products and engineering capabilities in relation to requirements of this Section, to ensure that other approved manufacturers offer products meeting MBCI's standards.
A. Basis of Design Manufacturer: MBCI Metal Roof and Wall Systems, Division of NCI Group, Inc.; Houston TX. Tel: (877) 713-6224; Email: info@mbci.com; Web: www.mbci.com.
1. Provide basis of design product[, or comparable product approved by Architect prior to bid].

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
A. General: Provide metal roof panel system meeting performance requirements as determined by application of specified tests by a qualified testing facility on manufacturer's standard assemblies.
Specifier: Recycled Content paragraph below describes calculation utilized for LEED-NC Credit MR 4. Modify as required to meet project recycled content requirements, or delete if recycled content requirements are stipulated solely in Division 01 Section “Sustainable Design Requirements.”
B. Recycled Content: For Steel Products:
Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content not less than [25] percent.
Specifier: Retain one or more radiative property performance subparagraphs below based on project requirements. Retain Solar Reflectance Index for LEED projects. Retain Energy Star reference for projects seeking Energy Star rating; products must be listed on EPA Energy Star website. Retain CRRC compliance for projects required to comply with CEC requirements. Verify values with manufacturer for selected panel finishes. Confirm that Energy Code requirements are also met by below.
C. Radiative Property Performance:
1. Solar Reflectance Index: Minimum 78 for roof slopes of 2:12 or less and 29 for roof slopes greater than 2:12 under medium wind conditions, per ASTM E 1880.
2. Energy Star Qualified: Listed on USDoe ENERGY STAR Roof Products Qualified Product List.
3. Energy Performance: Listed in CRRC Rated Product Directory, with minimum properties as required by applicable Energy efficiency or High-Performance Green Building standard.
D. Structural Performance: Provide metal panel assemblies capable of withstanding the effects of indicated loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
Specifier: Consult structural engineer and edit below as required by local codes. Insert structural data below if not indicated on drawings. Select applicable deflection limit.
1. Wind Loads: Determine loads based on uniform pressure, importance factor, exposure category, and basic wind speed indicated on drawings.
   a. Wind Uplift Testing: Certify capacity of metal panels by actual testing of proposed assembly per ASTM E 1592.
2. Snow Loads: [___ lbf/sq. ft. (___ Pa)] [As indicated].
3. Deflection Limits: Withstand inward and outward wind-load design pressures in accordance with applicable building code with maximum deflection of [1/120] [1/180] [1/240] of the span with no evidence of failure.
4. Seismic Performance: Comply with ASCE 7, Section 9, "Earthquake Loads."
E. Wind Uplift Resistance: Comply with UL 580 for wind-uplift class [UL-30] [UL-60] [UL-90].
G. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from variations in both ambient and internal temperatures. Accommodate movement of support structure caused by thermal expansion and contraction. Allow for deflection and design for thermal stresses caused by temperature differences from one side of the panel to the other.
Specifier: Retain underlayment materials required for project.
H. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Underlayment: Cold-applied sheet underlayment minimum 30 mils (0.76 mm) thick, consisting of slip-resistant, polyethylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer for substrate.
I. Felt Underlayment: Laminated polypropylene and polyethylene sheet, tear-resistant, UV resistant, manufactured with textured surface for slip resistance, meeting performance requirements of ASTM D 226.

2.3 METAL ROOF PANELS
A. Mechanically-seamed, Concealed Fastener, Metal Roof Panels: Structural metal roof panel consisting of formed metal sheet with vertical ribs at panel edges, installed by lapping and mechanically interlocking edges of adjacent panels, and attaching panels to supports using concealed clips and fasteners in a weathertight installation.
2. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, structural quality, Grade 50, Coating Class AZ50 (Grade 340, Coating Class AZM150), prepainted by the coil-coating process per ASTM A 755/A 755M.
3. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, structural quality, Grade 50, Coating
LokSeam® SPECIFICATIONS

Class AZ55 (Grade 340, Coating Class AZM165) unpainted Galvalume Plus coating.

Specifier: Prior to selecting metal thickness and panel thickness below, consult manufacturer’s span tables and review selection against panel thickness requirements and span condition. Select appropriate panel configuration to meet requirements of design wind pressure. Important: Consult this document when specifying gauge with the intent that it meet a prescriptive decimal thickness requirement in addition to strength performance requirements. (Click Here to View)

a. Nominal Coated Thickness: [26 gage] [24 gage] [22 gage].
b. Panel Surface: [Smooth with striations in pan] [Stucco embossed with striations in pan].
c. Exterior Finish: [Modified silicone-polyester two-coat system] [Fluoropolymer two-coat system] [Fluoropolymer two-coat metallic color system] [Exposed Galvalume Plus coating].
d. Color: [As indicated] [As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors] [Match Architect's custom color].

4. Panel Width: [12 inches (305 mm)] [16 inches (406 mm)] [18 inches (457 mm)].
5. Panel Seam Height: 1.75 inch (44.4 mm).
6. Joint Type: Snap joint-seamed.

Specifier: Add underlayment materials if required for project. MBCI LokSeam is a watertight tested panel that does not rely upon underlayment materials for waterproofing. Retain slip sheet when recommended by manufacturer for separating metal panels from underlayment or substrate materials.

2.4 METAL ROOF PANEL ACCESSORIES

A. General: Provide complete metal roof panel assembly incorporating trim, copings, fasciae, gutters and downspouts, and miscellaneous flashings, in [manufacturer's standard profiles] [profiles as indicated]. Provide required fasteners, closure strips, thermal spacers, splice plates, support plates, and sealants as indicated in manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Flashing and Trim: Match material, thickness, and finish of metal panel face sheet.

C. Panel Clips: ASTM C 645, with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z180) hot-dip galvanized zinc coating, configured for concealment in panel joints, and identical to clips utilized in tests demonstrating compliance with performance requirements.

D. Panel Fasteners: Self-tapping screws and other acceptable corrosion-resistant fasteners recommended by roof panel manufacturer. Where exposed fasteners cannot be avoided, supply fasteners with EPDM or neoprene gaskets, with heads matching color of metal panels by means of factory-applied coating.

E. Joint Sealers: Manufacturer's standard or recommended liquid and preformed sealers and tapes, and as follows:

2. Tape Sealers: Manufacturer's standard non-curing butyl tape, AAMA 809.2.

Specifier: Retain one or more of the following four optional paragraphs as required by Project.

F. Steel Sheet Miscellaneous Framing Components: ASTM C 645, with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.

G. Roof Accessories: Approved by metal roof panel manufacturer. Refer to Section 07 72 00 "Roof Accessories" for requirements for curbs, equipment supports, roof hatches, heat and smoke vents, ventilators, and preformed flashing sleeves.

H. Snow Guards: Approved by metal roof panel manufacturer. Refer to Section 07 72 53 "Snow Guards" for requirements for snow guards attached to metal roof panels.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. General: Provide factory fabricated and finished metal panels and accessories meeting performance requirements, indicated profiles, and structural requirements.

B. Fabricate metal panel joints configured to accept factory-applied sealant providing weathertight seal and preventing metal-to-metal contact and minimizing noise resulting from thermal movement.

C. Form panels in continuous lengths for full length of detailed runs, except where otherwise indicated on approved shop drawings.

D. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Fabricate flashing and trim to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, approved shop drawings, and project drawings. Form from materials matching metal panel substrate and finish.

2.6 FINISHES

A. Finishes, General: Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

Specifier: Retain one or more of the following three finish paragraphs as applicable to the project. Coordinate with Warranty article in Part 1.

B. Modified Silicone-Polyester Two-Coat System: 0.20 – 0.25 mil primer with 0.7 – 0.8 mil color coat[, meeting solar reflectance index requirements].

LokSeam®

SPECIFICATIONS

Specifier: MBCI's fluoropolymer coatings are based on Arkema, Inc. Kynar 500 and Solvay Solexis Hylar 500 PVF2 resins. Retain optional requirement for solar reflectance index when required for project; coordinate with selected color.

A. Fluoropolymer Two-Coat System: 0.2 – 0.3 mil primer with 0.7 - 0.8 mil 70 percent PVDF fluoropolymer color coat, AAMA 621[, meeting solar reflectance index requirements].
   1. Basis of Design: MBCI, Signature 300.

B. Fluoropolymer Two-Coat Metallic System: 0.2 – 0.3 mil primer with 0.7 - 0.8 mil 70 percent PVDF metallic fluoropolymer color coat, AAMA 621[, meeting solar reflectance index requirements].
   1. Basis of Design: MBCI, Signature 300 Metallic.

C. Interior Finish: 0.5 mil total dry film thickness consisting of primer coat and wash coat of manufacturer's standard light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine metal panel system substrate and supports with Installer present. Inspect for erection tolerances and other conditions that would adversely affect installation of metal panel installation.
   1. Inspect metal panel support substrate to determine if support components are installed as indicated on approved shop drawings. Confirm presence of acceptable supports at recommended spacing to match installation requirements of metal panels.
   2. Panel Support Tolerances: Confirm that panel supports are within tolerances acceptable to metal panel system manufacturer but not greater than the following:
      a. 1/4 inch (6 mm) in 20 foot (6.1 m) in any direction.
      b. 3/8 inch (9 mm) over any single roof plane.

B. Correct out-of-tolerance work and other deficient conditions prior to proceeding with insulated metal roof panel system installation.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Miscellaneous Supports: Install subframing, girts, furring, and other miscellaneous panel support members according to ASTM C 754 and manufacturer's written instructions.

Specifier: Retain paragraph(s) below for metal roof panels applied over solid roof sheathing. Retain "Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment" or "Felt Underlayment" Paragraph below or retain both if required.

B. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment: Apply in accordance with underlayment manufacturer's written instructions; apply primer if required. Apply at locations indicated below. Roll laps with roller. Retain one of two subparagraphs below.

1. Apply over the entire roof surface.
2. Apply over the roof area indicated below:
   a. Roof perimeter for a distance up from eaves of 24 inches (610 mm) beyond interior wall line.
   b. Valleys, from lowest point to highest point, for a distance on each side of 18 inches (460 mm).
   c. Rake edges for a distance of 18 inches (460 mm).
   d. Hips and ridges for a distance on each side of 18 inches (460 mm).
   e. Roof-to-wall intersections for a distance from wall of 18 inches (460 mm).
   f. Around roof penetrating elements for a distance from element of 18 inches (460 mm).

C. Felt Underlayment: Apply at locations indicated below, in accordance with underlayment manufacturer's written instructions.

Specifier: Retain one of two subparagraphs below or delete both if indicated on Drawings.

1. Apply over the entire roof surface.
2. Apply on area of roof not covered by self-adhering sheet underlayment. Lap over edges of self-adhering sheet underlayment not less than 6 inches (150 mm).

Specifier: Retain "Slip Sheet” Paragraph below if required.

D. Flashings: Provide flashings as required to complete metal roof panel system. Install in accordance with Section 07 62 00 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" and approved shop drawings.

3.3 METAL PANEL INSTALLATION

A. Snap-Joint-Seamed, Standing Seam Metal Roof Panels: Install weathertight metal panel system in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, approved shop drawings, and project drawings. Install metal roof panels in orientation, sizes, and locations indicated, free of waves, warps, buckles, fastening stresses, and distortions. Anchor panels and other components securely in place. Provide for thermal and structural movement.

B. Attach panels to supports using clips, screws, fasteners, and sealants recommended by manufacturer and indicated on approved shop drawings.

1. Fasten metal panels to supports with concealed clips at each location indicated on approved shop drawings, with spacing and fasteners recommended by manufacturer.
2. Snap Joint: Nest standing seams and fasten together by interlocking and completely engaging factory-applied sealant.
3. Provide weatherproof jacks for pipe and conduit penetrating metal panels of types recommended by manufacturer.
4. Dissimilar Materials: Where elements of metal panel system will come into contact with dissimilar...
materials, treat faces and edges in contact
with dissimilar materials as recommended by
manufacturer.

3.4 ACCESSORY INSTALLATION
A. General: Install metal panel trim, flashing, and
accessories using recommended fasteners and joint
sealers, with positive anchorage to building, and
with weather tight mounting. Provide for thermal
expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and
other components.
1. Install components required for a complete metal
panel assembly, including trim, copings, flashings,
sealants, closure strips, and similar items.
2. Comply with details of assemblies utilized
to establish compliance with performance
requirements and manufacturer's written
installation instructions.
3. Provide concealed fasteners except where noted
on approved shop drawings.
4. Set units true to line and level as indicated. Install
work with laps, joints, and seams that will be
permanently weather resistant.
B. Joint Sealers: Install joint sealers where indicated and
where required for weathertight performance of metal
panel assemblies, in accordance with manufacturer's
written instructions.
1. Prepare joints and apply sealants per requirements
of Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
Specifier: Retain paragraph below when scope and complexity
of metal roof panel installation justifies independent inspection
and testing provisions.
A. Testing Agency: [Owner will engage] [Engage] an
independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable
to Architect to perform field tests and inspections and
to prepare test reports.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION
A. Remove temporary protective films immediately in
accordance with metal roof panel manufacturer's
instructions. Clean finished surfaces as
recommended by metal roof panel manufacturer.
B. Replace damaged panels and accessories that cannot
be repaired to the satisfaction of the Architect.

END OF SECTION
## GENERAL INFORMATION

### PRODUCT CHECKLIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LokSeam® Panel</th>
<th>Back-Up Plate</th>
<th>Floating Rake Support</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>• For use at ridge and endlaps</td>
<td>• 20' Length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16&quot;</td>
<td>• Prepunched</td>
<td>• 14-gauge red oxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>• 16-gauge red oxide</td>
<td>• Factory slots</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clips</th>
<th>Bearing Plate</th>
<th>Support Plates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard - HW-6200</td>
<td>• 16-gauge red oxide</td>
<td>Floating Ridge/Hip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UL 90 - HW-6400</td>
<td>• For use with rigid-board insulation</td>
<td>P-141</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ridge Flash, Floating</th>
<th>Ridge Flash for Vent</th>
<th>Ridge Flash for Vent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T-5087</td>
<td>• For use with vent material</td>
<td>• For use with vent material</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ridge/Hip Flash, Fixed</th>
<th>Peak Cap</th>
<th>Box Rake</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T-5075</td>
<td>• COLOR</td>
<td>COLOR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: All trim to be 24-gauge material unless noted

SEE www.mbci.com FOR CURRENT INFORMATION
**PRODUCT CHECKLIST**

**Eave Trim**
- Color: 3 1/2" "A"
- Specify Angle

**Eave Trim w Drip Edge**
- Color: 6 1/2" 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 3 1/2"
- Specify Angle

**Box Gutter**
- Color: 5 1/2" 4 1/2" 4 1/2" 4"
- Specify Angle

**Box Gutter w Drip Edge**
- Color: 6" 5 1/2" 4 1/2" 4 1/2" 5 1/2"
- Specify Angle

**Snow Gutter**
- Color: 6" 5 1/2" 4 1/2" 4 1/2" 5 1/2"
- Specify Angle

**Gutter Strap**
- Color: 8" 2"
- Specify Angle

**Valley Trim - Standard**
- Standard: 30° or less
- Color: 11" 11" 11" 45°
- Specify Angle

**Valley Trim - Extended**
- Extended: More than 30°
- Color: 22" min. 22" min. 45°
- Specify Angle

**Parapet High Side Eave Flash-Fixed**
- Color: 4" 4 1/4" 4 1/4" 1 1/4"
- Specify Angle

**Parapet High Side Eave Flash-Floating**
- Color: 4 1/4" 4 1/4" 4 1/4" 1 1/4"
- Specify Angle

**Parapet Rake Flash**
- Color: 3 1/2" 90°
- Specify Angle

**Parapet Rake Cleat**
- Color: 1" 90°
- Specify Angle

---

**NOTE:** All trim to be 24-gauge material unless noted.
### PRODUCT CHECKLIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Counterflash</th>
<th>Alternate Counterflash</th>
<th>Offset Cleat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="counterflash.png" alt="Counterflash Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="alternate_counterflash.png" alt="Alternate Counterflash Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="offset_cleat.png" alt="Offset Cleat Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-5255</strong></td>
<td><strong>T-5221</strong></td>
<td><strong>T-5131</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Continuous Cleat</th>
<th>Zee Closure</th>
<th>Perforated Vent Drip</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="continuous_cleat.png" alt="Continuous Cleat Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="zee_closure.png" alt="Zee Closure Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="perforated_vent_drip.png" alt="Perforated Vent Drip Diagram" /></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>T-5121</strong></td>
<td><strong>T-5014</strong></td>
<td><strong>FL-254</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metal Vent Material</th>
<th>Rib Cover</th>
<th>Panel Hemming Tool</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="metal_vent_material.png" alt="Metal Vent Material Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="rib_cover.png" alt="Rib Cover Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="panel_hemming_tool.png" alt="Panel Hemming Tool Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HW-525</strong></td>
<td><strong>HW-504</strong></td>
<td><strong>HW-602</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tape Sealer</th>
<th>Tape Sealer</th>
<th>Tube Sealant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="tri-bead.png" alt="Tri-Bead" /></td>
<td><img src="triple-bead.png" alt="Triple Bead" /></td>
<td><img src="tube_sealant.png" alt="Tube Sealant Diagram" /></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>HW-504</strong></td>
<td><strong>HW-502</strong></td>
<td><strong>HW-540 — WHITE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>HW-541 — GRAY</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>HW-544 — ALMOND</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>HW-542 — MED. BRONZE</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Counterflash**: For use at eave, ridge, and endlaps
- **Alternate Counterflash**: For use at valleys with through fasteners
- **Offset Cleat**: Paintable
- **Metal Vent Material**: Urethane
- **Rib Cover**: Paintable
- **Panel Hemming Tool**: Paintable, Urethane
- **Tape Sealer**: Tri-Bead
- **Tape Sealer**: Triple Bead
- **Tube Sealant**: Paintable, Urethane
### LokSeam®

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### PRODUCT CHECKLIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #1E</th>
<th>Fastener #4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Panel to eave strut</td>
<td>• zee closure to panel at ridge (without back-up plate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Standard endlap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Panel to valley plate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(fixed)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Floating Rake or</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parapet Rake</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¼&quot; - 14 x 1¼&quot; Long Life Driller</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>½₁₆&quot; Hex Washer Head</td>
<td>¼&quot; - 14 x ¾&quot; Lap Tek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with sealing washer</td>
<td>½₁₆&quot; Hex Washer Head</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>with ½&quot; O.D. washer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #5</th>
<th>Fastener #11</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Rake support to purlin</td>
<td>• Parapet rake flash to masonry parapet wall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¼&quot; - 14 x 1¼&quot; Shoulder Tek 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>½₁₆&quot; Hex Washer Head no washer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #12A</th>
<th>Fastener #13A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Clip to purlin</td>
<td>• Clip to plywood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Offset cleat/panel</td>
<td>• zee closure to plywood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>starter to eave strut or</td>
<td>• Offset cleat to plywood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>valley plate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-11 x 1&quot; Pancake Head</td>
<td>12-11 x 1&quot; Pancake Head Type A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with #3 Drill Point</td>
<td>#2 Quadrex Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Quadrex Drive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** All trim to be 24-gauge material unless noted.

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SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE
### General Information

**Product Checklist**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #14</th>
<th>Fastener #14A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trim to trim</td>
<td>zee Closure to angle at floating hip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trim to panel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **1/4" x 0.337" Pop Rivet**
  - Stainless steel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #210</th>
<th>Fastener #211</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For clip attachment in a composite roof assembly</td>
<td>For clip attachment in a composite roof assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fastens clip and bearing plate to metal deck in rigid board insulation over metal deck applications</td>
<td>Fastens clip and bearing plate to metal deck in rigid board insulation over metal deck applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length to be determined by insulation thickness and metal deck depth</td>
<td>Length to be determined by insulation thickness and metal deck depth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **14 x 3" Deck Screw**
  - #3 Phillips Truss Head

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #15D</th>
<th>Fastener #16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For clip attachment in a composite roof assembly</td>
<td>Clip to joist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fastens clip and bearing plate to metal deck in rigid board insulation over metal deck applications</td>
<td>Offset cleat/panel starter to joist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length to be determined by insulation thickness and metal deck depth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **14 x 6" Deck Screw**
  - #3 Phillips Truss Head

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #14A</th>
<th>Fastener #211</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/4&quot; x 0.525&quot; Pop Rivet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  - Stainless steel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastener #16</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 x 24 x 1 1/4&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  - #2 Quadrex Drive

**Note:** All trim to be 24-gauge material unless noted.

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**Subject to change without notice. See www.mbcicom for current information.**

**Rev 00.02**

**LS-25**
GENERAL INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION

When ordering LokSeam® panels without technical assistance from MBCI, the following must be provided:

1. Panel Length - The length of each panel should include the proper overhang at the eave, endlap, and peak as required. Refer to specific details in this manual for the proper overhang at these locations. Add 1½” to the panel length for all panels to be hemmed as shown on page LS-35.

2. Panel Designations - Each panel must have a designation to be properly manufactured. These designations are: Blank, Peak, Mid and Eave.

3. Panels may be specified as: “Notched” for folding hem at eave. Add 3” to panel length. If factory notching is requested, panels will be notched 1½” at both ends. Note: Notching is only available for Blank Panels.

4. 16” wide panels can be swaged but not prepunched.

5. If you are using an endlap with an offset cleat as shown on pages LS-37 and LS-53, you must also specify that the panels not be prepunched. Panels will still be swaged as normal. If your specific detail is not in this manual or if you have questions concerning panel length, designation, or product application, call your MBCI sales representative.

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

I. Pre-Order
   A. Prior to ordering panels, all dimensions should be confirmed by field measurement.

II. Job site Storage and Handling
   A. Check the shipment against the shipping list.
   B. Damaged material must be noted on Bill of Lading.
   C. Panel crates should be handled carefully. A spreader bar of appropriate length is recommended for hoisting.
   D. Check to see that moisture has not formed inside the bundles during shipment. If moisture is present, panels should be uncrated and wiped dry, then restacked and loosely covered so that air can circulate between the panels.

III. Application Checklist
   A. Check substructure for proper alignment and uniformity to avoid panel distortion.
   B. Periodic check of panel alignment is crucial to proper panel alignment.
   C. If there is a conflict between this manual and the erection drawings, the erection drawings will take precedence.
PREPARATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. A single pitch eave strut must be used with the LokSeam® Roof System.

2. Make sure a rake angle or an alternate structural flat surface has been installed on top of the purlins to accept the “Rake Support”.

3. The walls do not have to be erected before the roof is installed. However, for the purpose of this manual, we have assumed that the wall panels have been installed.

4. The substructure (eave to ridge) must be on plane tolerance of ¼” in 20’ and ⅜” in 40’.

5. It is critical that the purlins or bar joists at the ridge and endlaps be located exactly as detailed and that they are straight from rafter to rafter. Any mislocation or bowing of these members can cause the fasteners at the ridge or endlaps to foul as the panels expand and contract.

6. Peak Purlin Spacing -Floating Ridge: 18” (9” from center line of ridge to web of purlin).
   -Fixed Ridge: 10” (5” from center line of ridge to web of purlin).

7. MBCI can furnish LokSeam® roof panels in 18”, 16” and 12” widths. However, for the purpose of this manual, we have assumed that the roof panels will be 18” wide.

CAUTION

Application and design details are for illustration purposes only, and may not be appropriate for all environmental conditions or building designs. Projects should be engineered to conform to applicable building codes, regulations, and accepted industry practices.

CAUTION

Diaphragm capabilities and purlin stability are not provided by MBCI’s LokSeam® roof system. Therefore, other bracing may be required to conform to A.I.S.C. or A.I.S.I. specifications.
CAUTION
Improper unloading and handling of bundles and crates may cause bodily injury or material damage. The manufacturer is not responsible for bodily injuries or material damages during unloading and storage.

UNLOADING

Upon receiving material, check shipment against shipping list for shortages and damages. MBCI will not be responsible for shortages or damages unless they are noted on the shipping list.

Each bundle should be lifted at its center of gravity. Where possible, bundles should remain banded until final placement on roof. If bundles must be opened, they should be retied before lifting.

When lifting bundles with a crane, a spreader bar and nylon straps should be used. NEVER USE WIRE, ROPE OR CHAIN SLINGS, THEY WILL DAMAGE THE PANELS.

When lifting bundles with a forklift, forks must be a minimum of five feet apart. Do not transport open bundles. Drive slowly when crossing rough terrain to prevent panel buckling.
GENERAL INFORMATION

UNLOADING
(continued)

BLOCK AND BAND
WITH CARDBOARD CARTON

This method of bundling is used for orders that are to be picked up by the customer or shipped by common carrier. 2 x 4's are strapped under the cartons to allow access for straps or a forklift. Bundles less than 25' long may be handled by a forklift. The forklift should have at least 5' between forks. Cartons longer than 25' should be lifted utilizing a spreader bar with nylon straps.

FULL CRATE

This method is used on all overseas shipments or by customer's order. Handling requirements are the same as block and band.
**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**NOTE**
Protective gloves should always be used while handling panels. OSHA safety regulations must be followed at all times.

**HANDLING/ PANEL STORAGE**

Standing on one side of the panel, lift it by the seam. If the panel is over 10' long, lift it with two or more people on one side of the panel to prevent buckling.

Do not pick panels up by the ends.

Store bundled sheets off the ground sufficiently high to allow air circulation beneath bundle and to prevent rising water from entering bundle. Slightly elevate one end of bundle. Prevent rain from entering bundle by covering with tarpaulin, making provision for air circulation between draped edges of tarpaulin and the ground.

**PROLONGED STORAGE OF SHEETS IN A BUNDLE IS NOT RECOMMENDED.** If conditions do not permit immediate erection, extra care should be taken to protect sheets from white rust or water marks.

Check to see that moisture has not formed inside the bundles during shipment. If moisture is present, panels should be uncrated and wiped dry, then restacked and loosely covered so that air can circulate between the panels.
MBCI recommends that only one-piece .080 Aluminum (Min.) roof curbs be used with the LokSeam® roof system. The roof curb will be installed under the roof panels on the upslope end and over the panels at the downslope end. To accomplish this, the roof panels must be endlapped at the upslope and downslope end of the curb. This allows both ends of the curb to shed water and places the heavier gauge metal of the curb under the roof panels for better resistance to foot traffic. The exception is at the downslope end where the curb is on top of the roof panels. Since there are endlaps at this area, back-up plates provide support.

Outside cap cells (for bottom) are used to seal the panel to the roof curb. If the curb must be located in a precise location, order the cap cells loose for field installation.

For the purpose of these instructions, a curb with a factory attached cap cell is illustrated. Panels are assumed to be blank and installed right to left.

**CAUTION**

It is the user’s responsibility to ensure that openings cut into the roof for installation of roof curbs comply with State, Federal and OSHA regulations and laws, including, but not limited to, guarding roof openings with plywood, fixed standard railings, or other acceptable safety controls that prevent fall-through.
Full length panels may be installed up to the curb location. All panel runs affected by a roof curb must have field endlaps at the upslope and downslope end of the curb. Provision must be made for this condition by ordering two panels 12" longer than the panels immediately adjacent to the curb. The panels do not need to be ordered with pre-punched holes. Install all bottom panels, engaging backup plates and apply triple bead tape sealer to each panel as it is being installed. **It is critical that the tape sealer be installed across the full panel width.** Failure to follow this procedure will cause the curb to leak during rains coupled with high winds.

The first downslope panel immediately adjacent to the last full length panel will require field notching of the female leg for a distance of 6". Notch the panel just above the lock in the female leg. The remaining portion of the female leg will need to be crimped with "duckbill" vise grips.

The last downslope panel immediately adjacent to the first full length panel after the curb will require field notching of the male leg for a distance of 6". Notch the panel by removing the male “lock” leg only. Apply two beads of urethane sealant vertically to the downslope end of the notch.

**CAUTION**

It is the user’s responsibility to ensure that openings cut into the roof for installation of roof curbs comply with State, Federal and OSHA regulations and laws, including, but not limited to, guarding roof openings with plywood, fixed standard railings, or other acceptable safety controls that prevent fall-through.
Install curb on top of bottom panels and curb support framing. When using a loose cap cell, the curb flange must be notched out to accept the panel rib. Apply triple bead tape sealer to the sides and upslope end of curb. Fasten the downslope end of curb to the bottom roof panels and back-up plates with Fastener #1E at 3" o.c. Fasteners must go through the tape sealer.

Install the top run of panels cutting the panels at each side of the curb to fit. Apply urethane sealant to seams of all panels on the upslope end of the curb. End of top panels should be a minimum of 12" from the point of the water diverter. The top panel should lap onto the curb 6".

Install cinch straps at sides of curb to form a compression seal (cinch straps not by MBCI) Fasten cinch straps and top panels with Fastener #1E at 3" o.c. Fasteners must go through the triple bead tape sealer.

Full length panels may now once again be used.

**CAUTION**

It is the user’s responsibility to ensure that openings cut into the roof for installation of roof curbs comply with State, Federal and OSHA regulations and laws, including, but not limited to, guarding roof openings with plywood, fixed standard railings, or other acceptable safety controls that prevent fall-through.
ROOF CURB INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

1. LokSeam® Panel
2. Urethane Sealant
3. Outside Cap Cell
4. Back-up Plate
5. Fastener #1E
6. Tri-bead Tape Sealer
7. Roof Curb Made From Structural Aluminum (Min. .080 Thickness)
8. Water Diverter
9. Panel Fins (to be cut from panel length equal to length of curb).

When ordering curbs, specify one-piece curbs as shown on this page.

CAUTION

It is the user’s responsibility to ensure that openings cut into the roof for installation of roof curbs comply with State, Federal and OSHA regulations and laws, including, but not limited to, guarding roof openings with plywood, fixed standard railings, or other acceptable safety controls that prevent fall-through.
NOTES:
1. Field notch male and female legs of panel 1 ½". (Factory notching is available, call MBCI)
2. Engage panel hemming tool onto protruding panel.
3. Bend panel down to form an open hem.
4. Hem may be tightened with a pair of vise grip “duck bills.”
5. Panel engagement shown above is for panel runs up to 100’ long. For panel runs over 100’ long, please call MBCI.
NOTES:
1. Fill end of panel seam at eave and valleys with urethane sealant.
2. For UL 90 rating, UL 90 clips with two fasteners must be used.
ENDLAP OVER PURLINS

CROSS SECTION OF STANDARD ENDLAP

CROSS SECTION OF ALTERNATE ENDLAP

NOTES:
1. A UL 90 rating is not available on roofs over open framing with endlaps.
2. Install bottom panel so that the eave has the proper overhang (refer to eave details). The swaged, upslope end of the panel should be 10" from the web of the purlin.
3. Slide a prepunched back-up plate onto the end of the panel; make sure the teeth on top of the back-up plate are on top of the panel. Visually check to see that the holes in the back-up plate align with the prepunched holes in the panel.
4. Place Tri-Bead tape sealer over the entire width of the panel. It must be centered directly over the prepunched holes.
5. Using an awl to align the holes, install top panel by tapping it over the swaged portion of the bottom panel. Install Fastener #1E in the prepunched holes in the proper sequence.
6. Endlaps require roof erection to proceed from left to right as viewed from the eave looking toward the ridge.
7. When using the alternate endlap method, LokSeam® panels should be ordered without the prepunched endlap holes. Panels will be swaged as normal. Order the upper endlap panel 1½" longer than normal for the panel hem. See Page LS-26 for ordering information.
8. When using the alternate endlap detail, use the offset cleat method of attachment at the eave or valley and the fixed detail at the ridge or hip.
IMPORTANT NOTE:
TEMPORARILY SECURE PANELS AT RIDGE UNTIL ZEE CLOSURE IS INSTALLED

NOTES:

**Fixed Hip**
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed eave or valley details.
2. Install hip support plate, notching downturned leg at purlin locations.
3. Bevel cut and install panels to follow slope of hip.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to pans of panels, running parallel to the hip. Center of tape sealer should be 3½" from the center of the hip.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 4" from center of hip.

**Floating Hip**
1. Do not use this detail with the floating eave or valley details.
2. Install hip support plate, notching downturned leg at purlin locations.
3. Bevel cut and install panels to follow slope of hip.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels, running parallel to the hip. Center of tape sealer should be 3½" from center of hip.
5. Slide a length of 2" x 2" x 16-gauge angle under the panels. **Do not fasten 2" x 2" angle to hip support plate. This will restrain the panels from floating.**
6. Bevel cut and install zee closures to panels and 2" x 2" angle with Fastener #14A at 4" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 4" from center of hip. Seal sides and top of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant.
NOTES:

Floating Ridge
1. Do not use this detail with a floating eave or valley details.
2. Install back-up plate onto end of panel.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel.
6. Seal end of zee closure to panel seam with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of zee closure.
7. Attach ridge flash to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.

Fixed Ridge
1. Use this detail with a fixed eave or valley detail.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel.
5. Seal end of zee closure to panel seam with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of zee closure.
6. Attach ridge flash to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
VENTED RIDGE OVER PURLINS

RIDGE WITH METAL VENT

RIDGE WITH PERFORATED VENT DRIP

NOTES:

Ridge With Metal Vent

1. Do not use this detail with floating eave or valley details.
2. Install back-up plate onto end of panel.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel.
6. Seal end of zee closure to panel seam with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of zee closure.
7. Install vented metal to outside closures with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
8. Attach ridge flash with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c. to vented metal.
9. Balance vent exhaust at ridge with vent intake at eave or soffit.

Ridge With Perforated Vent Drip

1. Do not use this detail with floating eave or valley details.
2. Vented ridge detail should be used in conjunction with soffit and/or eave vents to provide proper circulation and to prevent weather infiltration during high winds.
3. Install back-up plate and zee closure as in Notes 2-6 above.
4. Attach vent drip to zee closures with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c. Seal laps in vent drip with urethane sealant.
5. Attach ridge flash to vent drip with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
   Metal vent material must have urethane sealant at all lap conditions.
NOTES:

1. For valleys longer than 30', use extended valley trim (see page LS-22).
2. Panels must be attached to substructure at the ridge, high eave or hip to prevent them from sliding downslope.
3. Offset cleat is installed continuous along slope of valley over Tri-bead tape sealer with Fastener #12A at 1'-0" o.c. Fasteners must go through tape sealer.
4. Add 1½" to panel length for the panel hem.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends at valley.
NOTES:

FIXED VALLEY

1. For valleys longer than 30', use extended valley trim (see page LS-22).
2. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
3. Ends of panels should be 4½") minimum from the vertical leg of valley trim.
4. Install Triple Bead tape sealer continuously under LokSeam® panel.
5. Attach panel to support plate with Fastener #1E at 3" o.c. Fasteners must go through tape sealer under panel.
6. See "Panel End Sealant Detail" on page LS-36 to seal panel ends at valley.

Valley must be designed to support the panels between the purlins.

(i.e. channel, angle or plate)
NOTES:

Floating High Eave

1. Do not use this detail with the floating eave or valley details.
2. Install panel and clips.
3. Install backup plate onto end of panel.
4. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
5. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be 6" from the end of the panel.
6. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 6½" from end of panel.
7. Seal ends of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top leg of zee closure.
8. Attach peak cap to zee closure with Fastener #14A at 6" o.c.

Fixed High Eave

1. Use this detail with a floating eave or valley detail.
2. Install panel and clips.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be 1½" from the end of the panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel.
6. Seal ends of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top leg of zee closure.
7. Attach peak cap to zee closure with Fastener #14A at 6" o.c.
NOTES:

**Eave with Offset Cleat**
1. The offset cleat method of attachment should be used when ridge, high side eave or endlap is fixed to the substructure. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Attach offset cleat to eave strut with Fastener #12A at 1'-0" o.c.
3. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
4. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.

**Eave with Drip Edge**
1. The eave with extended drip edge method of attachment should be used when ridge, high side eave or endlap is fixed to the substructure. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Attach eave trim to eave strut with Fastener #14A at 2'-0" o.c.
3. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
4. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36.
NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Attach eave trim to eave strut with Fastener #14A (3 fasteners per 10' piece).
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to slope leg of eave trim. Edge of tape sealer should align with edge of eave strut.
4. Install panel and fasten to eave strut with Fastener #1E at the spacing shown in the above diagram.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
OFFSET CLEAT

1. The offset cleat method of attachment should be used when ridge, high eave or endlap is fixed to the substructure.
2. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
3. Attach offset cleat to eave strut with Fastener #12A at 1'-0" o.c.
4. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
6. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or higher. See page LS-48 for the gutter detail for these areas.

DRIP EDGE

1. The gutter with drip edge method of attachment should be used when ridge, high eave or endlap is fixed to the substructure. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Install gutter to eave strut with Fastener #14A at 2'-0" o.c.
3. Attach gutter straps to gutter with Fastener #14A at 3'-0" o.c.
4. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
5. Notch panel hem for gutter strap.
6. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
7. This detail may be used on roofs with pitches of 4:12 or less. For roofs with pitches greater than 4:12, call MBCI.
8. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or higher. See page LS-48 for the gutter detail for these areas.
NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Attach gutter to eave strut with Fastener #14A (3 fasteners per 10’ piece).
3. Install gutter straps every 3'-0" of gutter length. Attach to outside leg of gutter and to eave strut with Fastener #14A.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to slope leg of gutter. Edge of tape sealer should align with outside edge of eave strut.
5. Install panel and fasten to eave strut with Fastener #1E at the spacing shown in the above diagram.
6. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
7. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or higher.
NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Attach gutter to eave strut with Fastener #14A (3 fasteners per 10' piece).
3. Attach gutter straps to gutter with Fastener #14 at 3'-0" o.c.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to slope leg of gutter.
5. Install panel and fasten to eave strut with Fastener #1E at the spacing shown in the above diagram.
6. See "Panel End Sealant Detail at Eave" on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
NOTES:
1. The top dimension of the rake trim will be affected by the wall panel thickness.
2. Install floating rake support with Fastener #5 at 2'-0" o.c.
3. Engage female leg of panel over rake support.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to vertical leg of panel. Install parapet rake cleat to panel leg with Fastener #1E at 2'-0" o.c.
5. FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH RAKE SUPPORT.
   - Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of parapet rake cleat and attach rake trim to parapet rake cleat with Fastener #14A at 6" o.c.
6. Use continuous cleat to hold bottom of rake trim in place. Fasten continuous cleat to each high rib of wall panel.
7. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut and bend last panel run to fit against floating rake support. Install parapet rake cleat, tape sealer and rake trim as previously described.
8. If rake trim is not to be immediately installed, temporarily fasten panels to rake support to prevent wind damage.
NOTES:

**Floating Parapet High Eave**
1. Do not use this detail with the floating eave or valley details.
2. Install back-up plate onto end of panel.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closures should be zee from end of panels.
6. Seal ends of zee closures to the panel seams with urethane sealant. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to the top leg of zee closures.
7. Attach parapet high side eave trim to zee closure with Fastener #4A at 6" o.c.
8. Seal counterflash to parapet wall with urethane sealant.

**Fixed Parapet High Eave**
1. Use this detail with a floating eave or valley detail.
2. Install panels and clips.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of the tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closures should be 2" from end of panels.
6. Seal ends of zee closures to the panel seams with urethane sealant. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to the top leg of zee closures.
7. Attach parapet high side eave trim to zee closure with Fastener #4A at 6" o.c.
NOTES:
1. Install floating rake support with Fastener #5 at 2'-0" o.c. Fasteners must be installed in center of slot.
2. Engage female leg of panel over rake support.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to vertical leg of panel. Install flexible membrane and parapet rake cleat to panel leg with Fastener #1E at 2'-0" o.c. FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH RAKE SUPPORT.
4. Engage open hem of parapet rake flash onto parapet rake cleat and fasten top leg to parapet wall with Fastener #11.
5. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut and bend last panel run to fit against floating rake support. Install parapet rake cleat, tape sealer, and parapet rake flash as previously described.
6. If parapet rake flash is not to be immediately installed, temporarily fasten panels to rake support to prevent wind damage.
NOTES:

1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Field cut legs of panels and bend to required angle.
3. Fill both exposed ends of panel with urethane sealant.
4. Field notch rib cover to allow it to bend to the proper angle.
5. Field apply a bead of urethane sealant over rib before applying rib cover.
6. Do not use this detail inside the building envelope.
NOTES:
1. The above endlap detail must be used with the floating eave or valley details. The fixed detail must be used at the ridge or hip. The above detail also requires that the LokSeam panels be ordered without prepunched endlaps. Panels will be swaged as normal. Order the upper endlap panel 1 1/2" longer than normal for the panel hem. See Page LS-26 for ordering information.
2. Install bottom panel so that eave has proper overhang (refer to Eave Details).
3. At upslope end of bottom panel, place Tri-Bead tape sealer over entire width of panel. Center of tape sealer should be 4½" from end of panel.
4. Install offset cleat across width of panel (over tape sealer) with Fastener #13A at 4" o.c. Fasteners must go through tape sealer.
5. Field notch male and female legs of panel 1½" and bend panel to form an open hem.
6. Clip spacing should not exceed 4'-0" o.c. for 24-gauge panels or 5'-0" o.c. for 22-gauge panels
**NOTES:**

**Fixed Hip**
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed eave or valley details.
2. Bevel cut and install panels to follow slope of hip.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels, running parallel to the hip. Center of tape sealer should be 3½" from the center of the hip.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 4" from center of hip.

**Floating Hip**
1. Do not use this detail with the floating eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
4. Slide a length of 2" x 2" x 16-gauge angle under the panels.
5. Install zee closures to panels and 2" x 2" angle with Fastener #14A at 4" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 4" from center of ridge. Seal sides of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant.
LokSeam® DETAILS

FIXED RIDGE OVER WOOD DECK

NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel. Fasteners must go through tape sealer.
5. Seal end of zee closure to panel seams with urethane sealant.
6. Clip spacing should not exceed 4'-0" o.c. for 24-gauge panels or 5'-0" o.c. for 22-gauge panels.

STANDARD RIDGE OVER WOOD DECK

IMPORTANT NOTE:
TEMPORARILY SECURE PANELS AT RIDGE UNTIL ZEE CLOSURE IS INSTALLED

ISOMETRIC VIEW OF RIDGE OVER WOOD DECK
NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with floating eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be 1 1/2" from end of panel.
4. Slide a length of 2" x 2" x 16 gauge angle under the panels.
5. Install zee closures to panels and 2" x 2" angle with Fastener #14A at 4" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 4" from center of ridge. Seal sides of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant.
NOTES:

**Ridge With Perforated Vent Drip**

1. Do not use this detail with the fixed eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1 1/2" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel. Fasteners must go through tape sealer.
5. Seal end of zee closure to panel seams with urethane sealant.
6. Install vented metal to outside closures with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
7. Attach ridge flash with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c. to vented metal.
8. Metal vent material must have urethane sealant at all trim lap conditions.

**Ridge With Metal Vent**

1. Do not use this detail with the fixed eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1 1/2" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel. Fasteners must go through tape sealer.
5. Seal end of zee closure to panel seams with urethane sealant.
6. Install vented metal to outside closures with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
7. Attach ridge flash with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c. to vented metal.
8. Balance vent exhaust at ridge with vent intake at eave or soffit. Metal vent material must have urethane sealant at all trim lap conditions.
FLOATING VALLEY OVER WOOD DECK

**NOTES:**

1. For valleys longer than 30', use extended valley trim (see page LS-22).
2. Panels must be attached to substructure at the ridge or hip to prevent them from sliding downslope.
3. Offset cleat is installed continuous along slope of valley over Tri-Bead tape sealer with Fastener #13A at 1'-0" o.c. FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH TAPE SEALER.
4. Add 1½" to the panel length for panel hem.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends at valley.
NOTES:
1. For valleys longer than 30', use extended valley trim (see page LS-22).
2. Do not use this detail with fixed ridge or hip details.
3. Apply Triple-Bead tape sealer continuously under LokSeam® panel.
4. Attach panels to wood deck with Fastener #2B at 3" on center.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends at valley.
**NOTES:**

**Fixed High Eave**

1. Do not use this detail with fixed eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be $1\frac{1}{2}''$ from the end of the panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6'' o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2'' from end of panel.
5. Seal ends of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top leg of zee closure.
6. Attach peak cap to zee closure with Fastener #14A at 6'' o.c.

**Floating High Eave**

1. Do not use this detail with floating eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of tape sealer should be $1\frac{1}{2}''$ from the end of the panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6'' o.c. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2'' from end of panel.
5. Seal ends of zee closures to panel seams with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top leg of zee closure.
6. Attach peak cap to zee closure with Fastener #14A at 6'' o.c.
FLOTTING EAVE WITH EAVE TRIM OVER WOOD DECK

NOTES:

Eave with Offset Cleat

1. Panels must be attached to substructure at the ridge, high eave, endlap or hip to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Offset cleat is installed continuous along eave over Tri-Bead tape sealer with Fastener #13A at 1'-0" o.c.
   **FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH TAPE SEALER.**
3. Clip spacing should not exceed 4'-0" o.c. for 24-gauge panels or 5'-0" o.c. for 22-gauge panels.
4. Add 1½" to the panel length for the panel hem.
5. See "Panel End Sealant Detail" on page LS-36 to seal panel ends at valley.

Eave with Extended Drip Edge

1. Panels must be attached to substructure at the ridge, high eave, endlap or hip to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Attach eave trim to the wood deck with Fastener #13A at 2'-0" o.c.
   **FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH TAPE SEALER.**
3. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
**NOTES:**

1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Attach eave trim to wood deck with Fastener #13A (3 fasteners per 10’ piece).
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to slope leg of eave trim. Edge of tape sealer should align with edge of wood deck.
4. Install panel and fasten to wood deck with Fastener #2B.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
NOTES:

Offset Cleat

1. The offset cleat method of attachment should be used when ridge, peak or endlap is fixed to the substructure. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Attach offset cleat to wood deck with Fastener #13A at 1'-0" o.c.
3. To field hem panel, see page LS-35
4. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
5. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or higher. See page LS-48 for the gutter detail for these areas.

Gutter with Drip Edge

1. The gutter with drip edge method of attachment should be used when ridge, high eave or endlap is fixed to the substructure. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Install gutter to wood deck with Fastener #13A at 2'-0" o.c.
3. Attach gutter straps to gutter with Fastener #14 at 3'-0" o.c.
4. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
5. Notch panel hem for gutter strap.
6. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
7. This detail may be used on roofs with pitches of 4:12 or less. For roofs with pitches greater than 4:12, call MBCI.
8. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or higher. See page LS-48 for the gutter detail for these areas.
**NOTES:**

1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Attach gutter to wood deck with Fastener #13A (3 fasteners per 10’ piece)
3. Install gutter straps every 3'-0" of gutter length. Attach to outside leg of gutter and slope leg of gutter with Fastener #14.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to slope leg of gutter. Edge of tape sealer should align with edge of wood deck.
5. Install panel and fasten to wood deck with fastener #2B at the spacing shown in the above diagram.
6. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
7. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or greater.
NOTES:
1. The top dimension of the rake will be affected by the wall panel thickness.
2. Install floating rake support with Fastener #13A at 2'-0" o.c. (Install Fastener #13A so as not to restrict the movement of the rake support).
3. Engage female leg of panel over rake support.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to vertical leg of panel. Install parapet rake cleat to panel leg with Fastener #1E at 2'-0" o.c. FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH RAKE SUPPORT.
5. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of parapet rake cleat and attach rake trim to parapet rake cleat with Fastener #14A at 6" o.c.
6. Use continuous cleat to hold bottom of rake trim in place. Fasten continuous cleat to each high rib of wall panel. The bottom hem of the rake trim is “open”.
7. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut and bend last panel run to fit against floating rake support. Install parapet rake cleat, tape sealer and rake trim as previously described.
8. If rake trim is not to be immediately installed, temporarily fasten panels to rake support to prevent wind damage.
NOTES:
1. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to bottom leg of zee closure.
2. Install zee closure to panel with Fastener #13A at 12” on center.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to top leg of zee closure and attach rake trim to zee closure with Fastener #14A at 12” on center.
4. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut panel and bend a 1/3/4” leg before installing zee closure.
NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with fixed eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closures should be 2" from end of panels.
5. Seal ends of zee closures to the panel seams with urethane sealant. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to the top leg of zee closures.
6. Attach parapet high side eave trim to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
7. Seal counterflash to parapet wall with urethane sealant.
NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with fixed eave or valley details.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. Center of tape sealer should be 1½" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #13A at 6" o.c. Vertical leg of zee closures should be 2" from end of panels.
5. Seal ends of zee closures to the panel seams with urethane sealant. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to the top leg of zee closures.
6. Attach parapet high side eave trim to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
7. Seal counterflash to parapet wall with urethane sealant.
NOTES:

1. Install floating rake support with Fastener #13A at 2'-0" o.c. (Install Fastener #13A so as not to restrict the movement of the rake support).
2. Engage female leg of panel over rake support.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to vertical leg of panel. Install flexible membrane and parapet rake cleat to panel leg with Fastener #1E at 2'-0" o.c.
4. Engage open hem of parapet rake flash onto parapet rake cleat and fasten top leg to parapet wall with Fastener #11.
5. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut and bend last panel run to fit against floating rake support. Install parapet rake cleat, tape sealer and parapet rake flash as previously described.
6. If parapet rake flash is not to be immediately installed, temporarily fasten panels to rake support to prevent wind damage.
NOTES:
1. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to bottom leg of zee closure.
2. Install zee closure to panel with fastener #13A at 12" on center.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to top leg of zee closure.
4. Attach flexible membrane to Tri-Bead tape sealer on top of zee closure and add a second run of Tri-Bead tape sealer on top of the flexible membrane.
5. Attach parapet rake trim to zee closure with Fastener #14A at 12" on center.
6. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut panel and bend a 1¼" leg before installing zee closure.
LokSeam® DETAILS

ROOF TRANSITION
OVER WOOD DECK

NOTES:
1. Do not use this detail with the fixed ridge or hip details.
2. Field cut legs of panels and bend to required angle.
3. Fill both exposed ends of panel with urethane sealant.
4. Field notch rib cover to allow it to bend to the proper angle.
5. Field apply a bead of urethane sealant over rib before applying rib cover.
6. A moisture barrier must be installed and extended a minimum of 12" up slope and behind the fascia to the bottom.
7. Do not use this detail inside the building envelope.

FIELD NOTCH RIB COVER TO MATCH ROOF SLOPE
BEND RIB COVER AND INSTALL ON PANEL
FULLED BOTH PANEL ENDS WITH URETHANE SEALANT
URETHANE SEALANT
WOOD DECK
MOISTURE BARRIER

CROSS SECTION
OF ROOF TRANSITION

ISOMETRIC VIEW
OF ROOF TRANSITION

INSTALLATION DIRECTION
NOTES:
1. Metal deck to be 1½" deep, 22-gauge.
2. Rigid board insulation to be 1" - 4" thick.
3. Clips and bearing plates to be installed simultaneously with two Deck Fasteners into the metal deck. Length of fasteners to be determined by thickness of insulation plus depth of metal deck. Fasteners should extend ¾" below metal deck.
4. Some composite systems require additional acoustical consideration. Contact your architect and/or engineer for proper acoustical design.
NOTES:

1. Install bottom panel so that the eave has the proper overhang (refer to eave details).
2. Slide a prepunched back-up plate onto the upper end of the panel; make sure the teeth of the back-up plate are on top of the panel. Visually check to see that the holes in the back-up plate align with the prepunched holes in the panel.
3. Place Tri-Bead tape sealer over the entire width of the panel. It must be centered directly over the prepunched holes.
4. Using an awl to align the holes, install top panel by lapping it over the swaged portion of the bottom panel. Install Fastener #1E in the prepunched holes in the proper sequence.
5. Endlaps require roof erection to proceed from left to right as viewed from the eave looking toward the ridge.
NOTES:

1. Use this detail with a floating eave or valley detail.
2. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
3. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of the tape sealer should be 1-1/2" from end of panel.
4. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" on center. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel.
5. Seal end of zee closure to panel seam with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of zee closures.
6. Attach ridge flash to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" on center.
VENTED RIDGE OVER METAL DECK

**NOTES:**
1. Do not use this detail with the offset cleat method of attachment at the eave or valley.
2. Vented ridge detail should be used in conjunction with soffit and/or eave vents to provide proper circulation and to prevent weather infiltration during high winds.
3. Install back-up plate and zee closure as in Notes 2-6 above.
4. Attach vent drip to zee closures with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c. Seal laps in vent drip with urethane sealant.
5. Attach ridge flash to vent drip with Fastener #4 at 6" o.c.
FLOATING VALLEY OVER METAL DECK

NOTES:
1. For valleys longer than 30', use extended valley trim (see page LS-22).
2. Panels must be attached to the substructure at the ridge, high eave or hip to prevent them from sliding downslope.
3. Offset cleat is installed continuously along slope of valley over Tri-Bead tape sealer with Fastener #12A at 1'-0" o.c. FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH TAPE SEALER.
4. Add 1-1/2" to panel length for panel hem.
5. See "Panel End sealant Detail" on page LS-36 to seal panel ends at valley.
LokSeam®

DETAILS

FIXED HIGH EAVE OVER METAL DECK

NOTES:

1. Use this detail with a floating eave or valley detail.
2. Install panels and clips.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of the tape sealer should be 1-1/2" from end of panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" on center.
6. Seal end of zee closure to panel seam with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of zee closures.
7. Attach peak cap to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" on center.

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE SEE www.mbcicom FOR CURRENT INFORMATION REV 00.02 LS-77
Floating Eave with Eave Trim Over Metal Deck

Panel End Detail
Fill End of Rib with Urethane Sealant

LokSeam® Panel
UL 90 Clip
FASTENER #12A
12" O.C.
3" x 5" x 14 GA. BENT PLATE
FILL END OF RIB W/ URETHANE SEALANT
EAVE TRIM W/ EXTENDED DRIP EDGE
FASTENER #14
12" O.C.
OUTSIDE CLOSURE
FASTENER #78
LONG-LIFE TEK 4.5
STRUCTURAL ANGLE
(NOT BY MBCI)
WALL PANEL
DECK SCREW (2) PER CLIP
(MIN. ¾" PENETRATION INTO METAL DECK)
METAL DECK
(NOT BY MBCI)
VAPOR BARRIER
(NOT BY MBCI)
RIGID INSULATION
(NOT BY MBCI)
MOISTURE BARRIER
(NOT BY MBCI)
BEARING PLATE
UL 90 CLIP
FASTENER #12A
12" O.C.
FILL END OF RIB W/ URETHANE SEALANT

Notes:
1. Panels must be attached to the substructure at the ridge, high eave, endlap or hip to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Attach eave trim to bent plate at eave with Fastener #12A at 12" o.c.
3. Attach gutter straps to gutter with Fastener #14A at 3'-0" o.c.
4. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
5. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
FLOATING EAVE WITH GUTTER OVER METAL DECK

NOTES:
1. The floating gutter detail should be used when ridge, high eave or endlap is fixed to the substructure. Panels must be attached at one of these points to prevent them from sliding downslope.
2. Install gutter to bent plate at eave with Fastener #12A at 12” o.c.
3. Attach gutter straps to gutter with Fastener #14A at 3'-0" o.c.
4. To field hem panel, see page LS-35.
5. Notch panel hem for gutter strap.
6. See “Panel End Sealant Detail” on page LS-36 to seal panel ends.
7. The above gutter should not be used in areas that experience snow loads of 10 PSF or higher. See page LS-48 for the gutter detail for these areas.
DETAILS

FLOATING RAKE
OVER METAL DECK

NOTES:
1. The top dimension of the rake trim will be affected by the wall panel thickness.
2. Install floating rake support with Fastener #12A, 2'0" o.c. Install fasteners in the center of the slots in the rake support (do not over tighten to allow the rake support to float).
3. Engage the female leg of the panel over the rake support.
4. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to vertical leg of panel. Install parapet rake cleat to panel leg with Fastener #1E at 2'-0" o.c. **FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH THE RAKE SUPPORT.**
5. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to the top of the parapet rake cleat and attach rake trim to parapet rake cleat with Fastener #14A at 6" o.c.
6. Use a continuous cleat to hold bottom of rake trim in place. Fasten continuous cleat at each high rib of wall panel.
7. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut and bend last panel run to fit against floating rake support. Install parapet rake cleat and rake trim as previously described.
8. If rake trim is not to be immediately installed, temporarily fasten panels to rake support to prevent wind damage.
NOTES:

1. Use this detail with a floating eave or valley detail.
2. Install panels and clips.
3. Field cut zee closures to fit panel width.
4. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to panels. The center of the tape sealer should be 1-1/2" from end of panel.
5. Install zee closures to panels with Fastener #1E at 6" on center. Vertical leg of zee closure should be 2" from end of panel.
6. Seal end of zee closure to panel seam with urethane sealant. Install Tri-Bead tape sealer to top of zee closures.
7. Install Flexible membrane over Tri-Bead tape sealer. Apply a second layer of Tri-Bead tape sealer on top of the flexible membrane.
8. Attach parapet high eave trim to zee closure with Fastener #4 at 6" on center.
FLOATING PARAPET HIGH EAVE OVER METAL DECK

NOTES:

1. Install floating rake support with Fastener #5, 2'-0" o.c. Install fasteners in the center of the slots in the rake support.
2. Engage the female leg of the panel over the rake support.
3. Apply Tri-Bead tape sealer to vertical leg of panel. Install flexible membrane over the Tri-Bead tape sealer and apply a second layer of Tri-Bead tape sealer over the flexible membrane. Install parapet rake cleat to panel leg with Fastener #1E at 2'-0" o.c. FASTENERS MUST GO THROUGH THE RAKE SUPPORT.
4. Engage open hem of parapet rake trim onto parapet rake cleat. Attach flexible membrane and top leg of parapet rake trim to parapet wall with an appropriate fastener, depending upon wall substrate.
5. If roof finishes on module, finishing detail will be similar to starting detail. If roof finishes off module, field cut and bend last panel run to fit against floating rake support. Install flexible membrane, parapet rake cleat and parapet rake trim as previously described.